

# Energy performance certificate (EPC)

33, Bridgestone Drive  
BOURNE END  
SL8 5XG

Energy rating

**C**

Valid until: **11 May 2027**

Certificate number: **8203-6795-1129-2097-1533**

Property type

Top-floor flat

Total floor area

25 square metres

## Rules on letting this property

Properties can be rented if they have an energy rating from A to E.

If the property is rated F or G, it cannot be let, unless an exemption has been registered. You can read [guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions \(https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance).

## Energy efficiency rating for this property

This property's current energy rating is C. It has the potential to be B.

[See how to improve this property's energy performance.](#)

Score	Energy rating	Current	Potential
92+	<b>A</b>		
81-91	<b>B</b>		81   <b>B</b>
69-80	<b>C</b>	71   <b>C</b>	
55-68	<b>D</b>		
39-54	<b>E</b>		
21-38	<b>F</b>		
1-20	<b>G</b>		

The graph shows this property's current and potential energy efficiency.

Properties are given a rating from A (most efficient) to G (least efficient).

Properties are also given a score. The higher the number the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

the average energy rating is D  
the average energy score is 60

## Breakdown of property's energy performance

This section shows the energy performance for features of this property. The assessment does not consider the condition of a feature and how well it is working.

Each feature is assessed as one of the following:

- very good (most efficient)
- good
- average
- poor
- very poor (least efficient)

When the description says "assumed", it means that the feature could not be inspected and an assumption has been made based on the property's age and type.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Cavity wall, as built, no insulation (assumed)	Poor
Roof	Pitched, 75 mm loft insulation	Average
Window	Fully double glazed	Good
Main heating	Electric storage heaters	Average
Main heating control	Manual charge control	Poor
Hot water	Electric immersion, off-peak	Average
Lighting	No low energy lighting	Very poor
Floor	(another dwelling below)	N/A
Secondary heating	Portable electric heaters (assumed)	N/A

### Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 532 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m<sup>2</sup>).

### Additional information

Additional information about this property:

- Dual electricity meter selected but there is also an electricity meter for standard tariff  
The assessment has been done on the basis of an off-peak electricity tariff. However some heating or hot water appliances may be on the standard domestic tariff.
- Cavity fill is recommended

## Environmental impact of this property

This property's current environmental impact rating is E. It has the potential to be C.

Properties are rated in a scale from A to G based on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce.

Properties with an A rating produce less CO2 than G rated properties.

An average household produces 6 tonnes of CO2

This property produces 2.2 tonnes of CO2

This property's potential production 1.4 tonnes of CO2

By making the [recommended changes](#), you could reduce this property's CO2 emissions by 0.8 tonnes per year. This will help to protect the environment.

Environmental impact ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. They may not reflect how energy is consumed by the people living at the property.

## How to improve this property's energy performance

Making any of the recommended changes will improve this property's energy efficiency.

If you make all of the recommended changes, this will improve the property's energy rating and score from C (71) to B (81).

Recommendation	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
1. Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£100 - £350	£42
2. Cavity wall insulation	£500 - £1,500	£44
3. Add additional 80 mm jacket to hot water cylinder	£15 - £30	£13
4. Low energy lighting	£20	£19
5. Heat recovery system for mixer showers	£585 - £725	£16
6. High performance external doors	£500	£13

## Paying for energy improvements

[Find energy grants and ways to save energy in your home. \(https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency\)](https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency)

## Estimated energy use and potential savings

Estimated yearly energy cost for this property	£386
--	------

---

Potential saving	£147
------------------	------

---

The estimated cost shows how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. It is not based on how energy is used by the people living at the property.

The estimated saving is based on making all of the recommendations in [how to improve this property's energy performance](#).

For advice on how to reduce your energy bills visit [Simple Energy Advice](#) (<https://www.simpleenergyadvice.org.uk/>).

## Heating use in this property

Heating a property usually makes up the majority of energy costs.

---

## Estimated energy used to heat this property

Space heating	2473 kWh per year
---------------	-------------------

---

Water heating	1589 kWh per year
---------------	-------------------

---

## Potential energy savings by installing insulation

Type of insulation	Amount of energy saved
--------------------	------------------------

Loft insulation	513 kWh per year
-----------------	------------------

---

Cavity wall insulation	541 kWh per year
------------------------	------------------

You might be able to receive [Renewable Heat Incentive payments](#) (<https://www.gov.uk/domestic-renewable-heat-incentive>). This will help to reduce carbon emissions by replacing your existing heating system with one that generates renewable heat. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments.

## Contacting the assessor and accreditation scheme

This EPC was created by a qualified energy assessor.

If you are unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor directly.

If you are still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation schemes are appointed by the government to ensure that assessors are qualified to carry out EPC assessments.

### Assessor contact details

Assessor's name	Robert Sturgess
Telephone	07843 229 149
Email	<a href="mailto:bsturgess@bhhip.co.uk">bsturgess@bhhip.co.uk</a>

### Accreditation scheme contact details

Accreditation scheme	Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd
Assessor ID	EES/015256
Telephone	01455 883 250
Email	<a href="mailto:enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk">enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk</a>

### Assessment details

Assessor's declaration	No related party
Date of assessment	11 May 2017
Date of certificate	12 May 2017
Type of assessment	<a href="#">RdSAP</a>

---